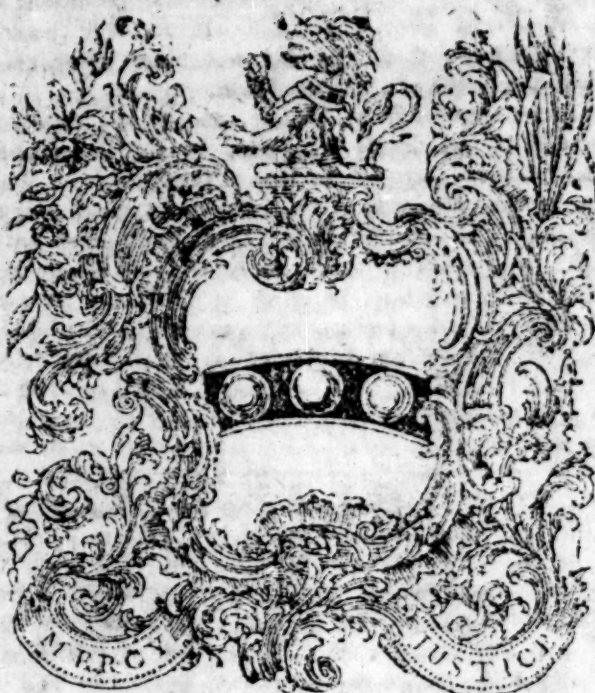


September 5, 1771.

NUMB. 2228.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.



By the PACKET for JULY, arrived at New-York from Falmouth, we have the following Advices, viz:
From the LONDON CHRONICLE of June 22, 1771.
To his Grace the DUKE of G--O-N.

My LORD,
THE profound respect I bear to the gracious Prince, who governs this country with no less honour to himself than satisfaction to his subjects, and who restores you to your rank under his standard, will save you from a multitude of reproaches. The attention I should have paid to your failings, is involuntarily attracted to the hand that rewards them, and though I am not so partial to the royal judgment, as to affirm, that the favour of a King can remove mountains of infamy, it serves to lessen at least, for undoubtedly it divides the burthen. While I remember how much is due to his sacred character, I cannot, with any decent appearance of propriety, call you the meanest and the basest fellow in the kingdom. I protest, my Lord, I do not think you so. You will have a dangerous rival, in that kind of fame to which you have hitherto so happily directed your ambition, as long as there is one man living, who thinks you worthy of his confidence, and fit to be trusted with any share in his government. I confess you have great intrinsic merit; but take care you do not value it too highly. Consider how much of it would have been lost to the world, if the King had not graciously affixed his stamp, and given it currency among his subjects. If it be true that a virtuous man, struggling with adversity, be a scene worthy of the Gods, the glorious contention between you and the best of Princes deserves an audience equally respectable. I think I already see other Gods rising from the earth to behold it. But this language is too mild for the occasion. The King is determined, that our abilities shall not be lost to Society. The perpetration and description of new crimes will find employment for us both. My Lord, if the persons, who have been loudest in their professions of patriotism, had done their duty to the Public with the same zeal and perseverance that I did, I will not assert that government would have recovered its dignity, but at least our gracious Sovereign must have spared his subjects this last insult, which, if there be any feeling left among us, they will resent more than even the real injuries they received from every measure of your Grace's Administration. In vain would he have looked round him for another character so consummate as yours. Lord Mansfield shrinks from his principles;--his ideas of government perhaps go farther than your own, but his heart disgraces the theory of his understanding;--Charles Fox is yet in blossom; and as for Mr. Wedderburne, there is something about him, which even treachery cannot truth. For the present therefore, the best of Princes must have contented himself with Lord Sandwich;--You would long since have received your final dismissal and reward; and I, my Lord, who do not esteem you the more for the high office you possess, would willingly have followed you to your retirement. There is surely something singularly benevolent in the character of our Sovereign. From the moment he ascended the throne, there is no crime, of which human nature is capable (and I call upon the Recorder to witness it) that has not appeared venial in his sight. With any other Prince, the shameful desertion of him, in the midst of that distress, which you alone had created,--in the very crisis of danger, when he fancied he saw the throne already surrounded by men of virtue and abilities, would have out-weighted the memory of all your former services. But his Majesty is full of justice, and understands the doctrine of compensations. He remembers with gratitude how soon you had accommodated your morals to the necessities of his service;--how cheerfully you had abandoned the engagements of private friendship, and renounced the most solemn professions to the Public. The sacrifice of Lord Chatham was not lost upon him. Even the cowardice and perfidy of deserting him may have done you no disservice in his esteem. The instance was painful, but the principle might please.
You did not neglect the Magistrate, while you flattered the Mob. The expulsion of Mr. Wilkes predetermined in the Cabinet;--the power of depriving the subject of his birthright attributed to a resolution of one branch of the Legislature;--the Constitution impudently invaded by the House of Commons;--the right of defending it treacherously renounced by the House of Lords;--These are the strokes, my Lord, which, in the present reign, recommend to office, and constitute a Minister. They would have determined your Sovereign's judgment, if they had made no impression upon his heart. We need not look for any other species of merit to account for his taking the earliest opportunity to recal you to his Councils. Yet you have other merit in abundance;--Mr. Hine,--the Duke of Portland,--and Mr. Yorke. Breach of Trust, R---y, and M---r. You would think it a compliment to your gallantry, if I added Rape to the catalogue; but the title of your amours secures you from resistance. I know how well these several charges have been defended. In the first instance, the Breach of Trust is supposed to have been its own reward. Mr. Bradshaw affirms upon his honour (and so may the gift of smiling never depart from him!) that you reserved no part of Mr. Hine's purchase-money for your own use, but that every shilling of it was scrupulously paid to Governor Burgoyne. Make haste, my Lord;--another patent, applied in time, may keep the Oaks in the family;--if not, Birnham Wood, I fear, must come to the Macaroni.

The Duke of Portland was in life your earliest friend. In defence of his property he had nothing to plead, but equity against Sir James Lowther, and prescription against the Crown. You felt for your friend; but the law must take its course. Posterity will scarce believe that Lord Bute's son-in-law had barely interest enough at the Treasury to get his grant completed before the General Election.

Enough has been said of that detestable transaction, which ended in the death of Mr. Yorke. I cannot speak of it without horror and compassion. To excuse yourself, you publicly impeach your accomplice, and to his mind perhaps the accusation may be flattery. But in m---r you are both principals. It was once a question of emulation, and if the event had not disappointed the immediate schemes of the closet, it might still have been a hopeful subject of jest and merriment between you.

This letter, my Lord, is only a preface to my future correspondence. The remainder of the summer shall be dedicated to your amusement. I mean now and then to relieve the severity of your morning studies, and to prepare you for the business of the day. Without pretending to more than Mr. Bradshaw's sincerity, you may rely upon my attachment, as long as you are in office.

Will your Grace forgive me, if I venture to express some anxiety for a man, whom I know you do not love? My Lord Weymouth has cowardice to plead, and a desertion of a later date than

your own. You know the Privy Seal was intended for him; and if you consider the dignity of the post he deserted, you will hardly think it decent to quarter him upon Mr. Rigby. Yet he must have bread, my Lord; or rather he must have wine. If you deny him the cup, there will be no keeping him within the pale of the Ministry.

Hamburg, June 9. We are assured that France hath resolved to pay to Sweden the arrears which are become due from her to that kingdom by the last treaty of alliance and subsidy, without exacting any new engagements on the part of that Crown; in consequence of which France hath already remitted the sum of 1,500,000 livres, and will continue to pay the same sum for four successive years.

Copenhagen, May 28. There has lately been a revolt in Jutland, occasioned by a capitulation, which was imposed eight years ago by the late King. A detachment of troops was sent amongst them to suppress the tumult, who seized the principal of them, and the remainder paid the tax. It is said the ringleaders will be set at liberty, after being reprimanded; and that a new regulation will be made to fix the capitulation, and the manner of collecting it.

Warsaw, May 29. The Russian Ambassador, who lately arrived here, has published a declaration of her Imperial Majesty, in which she expresses her deep concern for the deplorable situation of this unfortunate country, and her extreme desire of contributing to the restoration of peace and tranquility in the Kingdom.

General Branicki is just set out from hence with a great number of copies of the above-mentioned declaration, in order to disperse them among the Confederates, and to confer with their Chiefs on the most efficacious means of putting an end to the troubles which desolate this kingdom. The pacific views of the Empress of Russia appear to have made a great impression on the public, who consider the step taken by Count Branicki as a happy omen, and expect soon to see peace and plenty revive here.

Dantzick, June 5. Yesterday passed through this place a Courier from Warsaw, who directed his course for Berlin and London. He is charged with dispatches to those two Courts, with the agreeable news that M. Obrescow was arrived at the army of Count Romanzow, and that the Turks and Russians have entered into a negotiation for a peace.

Vienna, June 8. They write from Prague, that some commotions happened there last week, on account of the scarcity of provisions. The troops were forced to be put in motion; but matters are at length settled, without any material consequences. By order of the Emperor, who is much affected by the distresses of the people of Bohemia, some hundreds of carriages, laden with wheat and flour, have been sent from this city for that kingdom.

Genoa, May 25. According to advices from Madrid, the disputes relative to the Falkland Island being finally terminated, the Subjects of both Spain and England are to be at liberty to land there when they think proper.

Warsaw, June 12. Yesterday a Courier arrived from the Russian army, with the following letter from Count Romanzow, dated Jassy, the 20th of May, O. S. to M. Saldern, Ambassador from Russia to our Court.

"After the expedition of General Weissman against Iztacia, Major General Potemkin signalled himself in a like enterprise across the Danube. Having drawn the enemy towards Orcow, he embarked with 600 Grenadiers, and 200 Chasseurs, on several boats, and landed at four wersts from Cymbra. The Turks, on the first appearance of our Troops, abandoned that town with such precipitation, as to leave their wives and children to our mercy. General Potemkin immediately gave orders to the troops to pursue them, and 300 were found hid in the gardens belonging to the Christians; 82 of them were killed; we lost one, and had 19 wounded. The General ordered fire to be set to four barks, three of which were mounted with four cannon, and the other with five, and 17 fauques; as also to three magazines of flour, and one of biscuit. After this, the General returned to his post with 100 small barks, and 14 batteaux, two of which were loaded with provisions. We have at the same time released 2620 Christians, who repassed the river with us. The fire of the magazines was driven by the wind to some adjacent houses, which communicating itself to the town of Cymbra, it was reduced to ashes. According to the report of our prisoners, there were 2000 Turks in that place."

Madrid, June 4. Six of our ships of war, of 70 guns each, have sailed from Cadiz for Carthage, where they are to be disarmed.

Pisa, June 5. During the Count Alexis Orlov's residence at Vienna, the Emperor made him a present of his portrait enriched with jewels, and the Empress Queen gave him a gold snuff box garnished with brilliants, and a most valuable ring.

Before General Orlov's departure from hence for Leghorn, he gave audience to the Deputies from Ragusa; but they have not obtained of him any thing they applied for.

Leghorn, June 5. As to the departure of the Russian fleet, which is now in our port, we have it is countermanded, and will wait fresh orders from Petersburg.

Constantinople, May 17. In the night between the 5th and 6th inst. an incendiary was taken who had just set fire to a house in this City, on which he was immediately strangled, and the fire was extinguished. The disorders of the Militia are greater than ever were known; they surrounded lately the Kaimachan, from whom they demanded money, and he was obliged to purchase his liberty at the price of sixty sequins. The baths for the women, which have always, till this period, been regarded as sacred, have been attacked; several women have been forced away, and two Ladies were very ill treated who were going to them, notwithstanding every effort to save them. These excesses continued to the 8th instant; when the Grand Signor gave orders for the greatest part of the Militia and Mariners to embark on board the ships in the harbour, and to bring their arms on shore; at the same time an order was issued, giving leave to any persons attacked to defend themselves. Two days after like orders were published at Galata and Pera, when the shops were ordered to be opened, and permission given to the Christians, not only to defend themselves, but to act offensively against any that should insult them. This order has had a happy effect, thirty of the ringleaders have been strangled, and we now enjoy tranquility.

The plague has manifested itself afresh, not only in this capital, but in the suburbs.

Dantzick, June 15. The Prussian troops have afresh entered into Weider, and other jurisdictions of this City, where they exact heavy contributions, which have reduced the inhabitants to the greatest indigence.

Genoa, June 5. The people of Sartana have shot and killed the French Attorney-General in that Island.

Oranto, June 3. The maritime forces of the Russians in the Archipelago, consist of twelve ships of the line, fifteen frigates, and a bomb ketch. Each ship of the line carries 600 men, and every frigate 300. They have at Paros 2800 soldiers encamped in the plains of Carigi, besides 3000 Greeks and Albanians.

They write from Constantinople, that towards the beginning of last month some Russian frigates began to bombard the Castle of Tenedos.

They write from Naples, that Mount Vesuvius recommenced a few days to throw out a quantity of lava with great violence.

Petersburgh, June 4. Yesterday and this morning there have been several dreadful fires; but they are now happily extinguished: A very great number of wooden houses, and some of brick, have been burnt; among which are the Hotel of the Corps of Marine Cadets, and a hemp warehouse, in which however there were fortunately not above 10,000 pood of hemp in store.

The loss to the British Factory is far from considerable, but their danger was very great, as many magazines of combustible goods were surrounded with flames.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and other ELECTORS, for the City and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,
I RETURN you my sincere Thanks for your Favours past, and shall be further obliged to you for the Continuance of your Votes and Interest, at the ensuing Election.

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

To be SOLD, by
EDWARD BATCHELOR,
in SECOND-STREET,
A FEW PACKS of excellent BEAVER and
RACCOON SKINS.

College of Philadelphia, September 2, 1771.
DOCTOR SHIPPEN will begin his Lectures on Anatomy, Surgery and Midwifery, on Monday, the 28th of October; in which will be demonstrated and explained the Figure, Situation, Structure and Uses of all the Parts of the human Body on the fresh Subject; after which the Doctor proposes to perform and explain all the necessary Operations of Surgery; give a Course of Bandages; and conclude the whole with seven or eight Lectures, containing plain Rules for the safe Practice of Midwifery, and useful Directions for the proper Management of Mother and Child during the Month. Price Six Pistoles.

College of Philadelphia, September 2, 1771.
A COURSE of Lectures on the Theory and Practice of Physic, in the first Part of which will be unfolded the Doctrine of the vital, natural and animal Functions of the Body, both in their healthy and morbid States; and in the latter the Causes, Symptoms and Cure of Diseases will be explained. To commence on the 3d Day of November ensuing, at Sixteen Dollars a Ticket, by
JOHN MORGAN, M. D. and Professor of the Theory and Practice of Physic.

AN INDIAN GAZETTE,
In HIEROGLYPHICS, done from a Copperplate; To which is subjoined, A TYPOGRAPHICAL EXPLANATION, clearly informing the Spectator the Meaning of every Figure: To be SOLD by MATTHEW MAGUIRE, Preceptor to the LADIES, at his School in Second-Street, betwixt Lodge-Alley and Walnut-street, after School Hours. And by Mr. JOHN DUNLAP, at the Newest Printing-Office, opposite the Jersey Market. Also by Messieurs NOEL and HAZARD, Bookfellers and Stationers near the Coffee-House Bridge, New-York.

Price Eight-Pence neatly coloured, and Six-Pence plain. Just imported in the Hawke, Captain Williams, from London, and now ready for sale, on the most reasonable terms, by
SAMUEL MILES, and WILLIAM WISTER, at their Store at the house of John Wister, in Market-street, between Third and Fourth-streets.

A VARIETY of European and East-India GOODS, suitable to the season, viz. Broadcloths, Swanfkins, blankets, druggets, serges, red and imbossed flannels, Russia sheeting, osenbrigs chemises, calicoes, cambricks and lawns, knitting banterchiefs, cotton romals, writing paper, mens black cravats, womens black silk bandterchiefs, ribbons, sewing silk, serrets, thread, gunpowder, shot and lead, London and German steel, 10d. 12d. and 20d. nails, with many other articles. They have also for sale, Madeira, Teneriffe, and Fyall wines, by the pipe, brybread and quarter casks, Lisbon wine in quarter casks.

SAMUEL MILES having declined selling rum, sugar, molasses, &c. requests all persons indebted to him for those articles, to make immediate payment.

Philadelphia, Ninth Month 2, 1771.
WAS FOUND in Bistol, by a Passenger in the New-York Stage, a remarkable SHAGREEN CASED WATCH. The Owner, proving his Property, and paying Charges, may hear of it, by applying to SAMUEL and JOHN MORTON.

DROPPED, last Friday Afternoon, in Fourth-street, between Walnut and Market Streets, an Outside SHAGREEN WATCH CASE, with a Crystal on the Back of it. Whoever has found, and will bring it to the Printers of this Paper, shall receive Two Dollars Reward, which is the full Worth of it to any Person but the Owner.

For CHARLES-TOWN (SOUTH-CAROLINA)

The BRIGANTINE
CHARLES-TOWN PACKET,
SAMUEL WRIGHT, MASTER;
Is completely fitted with accommodations for passengers, and expected to sail in about ten days. For freight or passage, apply to DORSEY and CRESSON, WOOLMAN and PUSEY, or said MASTER on board, at Milnor and Hough's wharf, between Market and Arch Streets.

Baltimore, June 1, 1771.
JUST IMPORTED from London, Bistol and Glasgow, A Large and neat Assortment of SPRING and SUMMER GOODS; which are to be disposed of, by the single Piece or larger Quantity, on reasonable Terms, by
ROBERT CHRISTIE, junior.

[For more new ADVERTISEMENTS, see the fourth Page.]

Whitehall, June 29. *The King has been pleased to appoint Sir Ralph Payne, Knight of the Bath, Captain General and Governor in Chief of his Majesty's Leeward Charibbee Islands in America, in the room of William Woodley, Esq.*

St. James's, July 2. Last night the ceremony of christening of the young Prince was performed in the Great Council Chamber by his Grace the Archbishop of Canterbury. His Royal Highness was named Ernest-Augustus. The Sponsors were, his Serene Highness Prince Ernest of Mecklenburgh Strelitz in person; his Serene Highness Prince Maurice of Saxe-Gotha, represented by the Earl of Hertford, Lord Chamberlain of his Majesty's Household; and her Serene Highness the Hereditary Princess of Hesse-Cassel, represented by the Countess of Egremont.

L O N D O N, June 18.

It is said, that 7 Gentlemen, who have lately had several meetings at a Coffee-house in Cornhill, came to the resolution, a few evenings ago, of presenting Mr. Wilkes with an elegant chariot and pair of horses, in case he be chosen Sheriff.

They write from Gibraltar, that part of a bill there had lately tumbled down, and filled up a great space underneath with the rubbish, which has occasioned orders to be given for building a strong wall, to prevent further ill consequences.

June 20. It is said that Lord North particularly recommended in Council the appointment of the Duke of Grafton to the Privy Seal; and that a very great Personage on this occasion said, "You not only serve your country in this step my Lord, but do yourself honour, in having a man who was Prime Minister acting as a second under your administration."

It is pretty certain that the present Lord Mayor will be re-elected for the year ensuing; and if Mr. Wilkes should be chosen Sheriff this year, which is most probable, the year 1773 may see Alderman Wilkes Lord Mayor.

On Monday Mr. Horne was expelled from the Club at Appleby's.

June 22. Yesterday the Earl of Sandwich set out for Deptford, to visit the state of the dock-yards and shipping there; from thence he proposes to review the royal college at Greenwich, and then proceed to Woolwich, where he will inspect into the situation of the ordnance, and the rest of his Majesty's stores.

It is said, the King of Portugal is in a very declining state of health.

It is not true, as lately reported, that commercial affairs in that kingdom are taking a turn in our favour, no such intelligence having really arrived, our factory and trade there still continuing to decline.

Letters from Vienna, dated May 25, brought by yesterday's French mail, advise, that the negotiation for a peace between the Turks and Russians, under the mediation of the Emperor and the King of Prussia, seems to have all the success that can be wished.

Mr. Bellas, for several days past, in different public rooms, has given it as his opinion, that Mr. Wilkes would certainly be elected Sheriff; but declared positively, that he "shall not serve."

A single elderly Gentleman of considerable fortune, near Frome, in Somersetshire, has bequeathed an estate to Mr. Wilkes of 1200l. per annum after his decease; and it is said, that he has already given the Patriot a genteel present as a reward for his services.

Extract of a Letter from Berlin, June 3, 1771.

"The King of Prussia has for some weeks past been busy with the annual reviews of his troops in different parts of his dominions; at present he is at Magdebourg, from thence he goes to pay a short visit to the Brunswick family at Salzdall, but he is expected at Potsdam some day next week, where he will remain quiet some time, and drink for his health some mineral waters, as is his custom every year. Before he left this place, in the end of last month, he threw out at his own table, that now the Porte had acquiesced in the Empress of Russia's demand of setting her Minister at Constantinople at liberty, he looked upon a peace between the two powers as absolutely certain, and that it would surely take place this summer. Monf. Obercow, I hear, has already passed through Poland, in his way to Peterburgh; so that I hope we shall soon hear of a place for negotiating being agreed upon by the Russian and Ottoman Courts. And as by all accounts the terms on which the Czarina intends to treat, are so equitable and moderate, as will surprize Europe, considering the vast success of her arms, it is to be hoped that their differences will be speedily and amicably settled. What plan is resolved on for the pacification of Poland, I have not yet heard. It is said, that the Courts of Vienna and Berlin will not interfere in those matters, but leave it entirely to the prudence and wisdom of her Czarish Majesty, to settle the peace of that unhappy kingdom. In the mean time the line of Prussian troops along the frontiers of Polish Prussia, &c. which was formed on account of the plague, and to prevent the excursions of the Confederates, commit the greatest abuses in these parts, by levying the most heavy exactions and contributions on the inhabitants: They stop and carry to Konigsberg all Polish boats laden with hemp, flax, corn, &c. in short, they have put a stop to all trade and commerce: That of the town of Dantzick has particularly suffered; letters from thence asserting, that their trade is quite ruined."

Private letters from Lisbon mention, that the late pretended misunderstanding between the Courts of France and Portugal, is nothing but a State-juggle.

June 25. A considerable wager has been made between a Bill of Rights-man and one of the Constitutional Society, that Mr. Wilkes will turn a certain Bull into a Cow, and that after he has transformed the animal, he will milk the creature till it yields him 2000l.

Extract of a Letter from Venice, May 30.

"According to advices received here from Constantinople, the Grand Vizir hath received orders to remain peaceably in his camp, and not to engage in any hostile measures till further instructions shall be sent to him."

An Account of the Proceedings Yesterday at Guildhall.

Yesterday about one o'clock the Lord Mayor, attended by Aldermen Townsend, Oliver, Plumbe, Wilkes, Stephenson, Sawbridge, the Sheriffs, Recorder, Town-clerk, and Common Serjeant, opened the Court of Common-hall. When the Recorder came forward on the Husting to explain the business of the day, he could not be heard for hissing. At length the noise subsided, and he proceeded without interruption, till he came to talk of the dissolution of the Livery, and to declare that he had for these 9 years served the City, acted according to the dictates of honour and conscience, &c. when there arose an universal hooting and hissing, which did not cease till the Lord Mayor interposed, and convinced the Hall, that the business could not go on without the formality of an address from the Recorder. He then made a few observations; after which the several Aldermen who had not served the office of Sheriffs, were put up for that office, as were also near 20 Commoners, and on the holding up of hands there appeared a very great majority for Mr. Alderman Wilkes and Mr. Bull, but a poll being demanded for Mr. Alderman Kirkman, and Mr. Alderman Oliver, by Mr. Deputy Judd, and George Bellas, Esq; as also for Mr. Alderman Kirkman, with Mr. Alderman Plumbe, by Mr. Deputy Hopkins, and Mr. Rivington; the same was also demanded for Mr. Alderman Wilkes and Mr. Bull. The report from the Committee to assist the Lord Mayor, and Messieurs Aldermen Wilkes and Oliver, in their defence, was read.

A motion was made, that an humble Address, Remonstrance, and Petition, be presented to his Majesty; which Address, Remonstrance, and Petition, being read, was agreed to nem. con. The Address, Remonstrance, and Petition, is to be presented by the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, the four Representatives in Parliament, Common Council, and Livery of the City of London.

A motion was then made, and universally agreed to, that the Livery of London do desire the Common Council to present a gold cup to the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor, of the value of 200l. with the City Arms engraved thereon, and to Mr. Alderman Wilkes and Oliver one each, of the value of 100l. as a mark of their gratitude for their upright conduct in the affair of the Printers, and for supporting the City Charters.

A motion was also made, that the thanks of the Livery be given to the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor, and the rest of the Aldermen, who opposed, and did not back the pre-f-warrants, which was carried in the affirmative nem. con.

According to letters from Venice, advice is received there that an insurrection had lately happened at Constantinople, which continued for three days before it was suppressed.

When the motion was made yesterday at Guildhall for a fresh Remonstrance, the Lord Mayor stepped forward, and informed the Livery, he would advise that the Address be filed, "The Address, Remonstrance, and Petition of the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Livery of London, in Common Hall assembled;" for if his Majesty did not pay any attention to this Address, it would then be time enough for the Common Council to take the matter up, and present another, his Lordship declaring that, for his part, he never should either be afraid or ashamed to go to the King at the head of the Livery, or with the Common Council, until the grievances they laboured under were properly redressed. After a short pause, the Address was drawn up and read to the Livery, its contents were spirited and proper, beginning with a most pathetic recital of the injury sustained by the people in the affair of the Middlesex election; relating next the arbitrary and despotic conduct of the H----- of C----- during the late sessions; respecting the illegal imprisonment of the Lord Mayor and Alderman Oliver, for having kept their oaths as Magistrates for the City, and particularly enlarging upon the amazing stroke of tyranny exercised in their erasing the record of a judicial proceeding, thereby assuming a power unknown to the Crown, and unknown to the courts of law; also the arbitrary Act of the Durham-yard Embankment; and finally desiring his Majesty to dissolve the parliament, and put for ever from his presence those Ministers, who by their wicked and designing arts had persuaded him to issue his proclamation for apprehending the Printers contrary to the known laws of the land. The Address met with the unanimous approbation of all present.

June 27. Yesterday the Lord Mayor, on his return from Guildhall Chapel, went upon the Husting, and gave his vote for Mr. Alderman Wilkes, and Mr. Bull.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, June 21.

"We are informed that the charge des affaires for the Court of Madrid at this Republic, had a private conference a few days ago with M. Fagel, Register of the States General, in which the former communicated to the latter, by order of the King his Master, that his Catholic Majesty, for certain solid reasons which he referred to himself, has resolved, for the future, he will no longer permit any frigate of war of whatever nation, to enter and water in the Ports of the Spanish monarchy, as they have been heretofore accustomed to do; and at the same time required M. Fagel to inform their High Mightinesses of this resolution, that they may instruct the commanders of their frigates destined for the Mediterranean sea accordingly. This unexpected measure has occasioned a great consternation here."

We hear that the Lord Mayor is the only Alderman who is in favour of Mr. Wilkes.

Mr. Alderman Harley yesterday, attended by seven of his friends, polled in favour of the two ministerial Aldermen. He was treated with great contempt.

A Correspondent, who was in Guildhall at the nomination for Sheriffs on Monday, says, that he never saw it so thronged; not less than 5000 people being present, and the greatest order and decorum observed, owing, in a great measure, to the Constables not being summoned, who too frequently break, and not keep, the peace on such occasions.

Mr. George Hayley, Mr. Wilkes's brother-in-law, and Mr. Bull, are to be sureties for the popular Alderman, in case he succeeds in his present contest for the Shrievalty.

Sir J----- M-----, it is said, has promised to advance for Mr. Wilkes whatever sum may be necessary for his support in the expensive Office of Sheriff, if he should be elected.

It is said Alderman Kirkman has declared, that he has no objection to serve the office of Sheriff with Mr. Wilkes; and he has likewise observed, that he should submit every thing to the determination of the Livery; and although he has been repeatedly importuned to form a junction with the Court-party, he has refused it.

Mr. Alderman Wilkes paid a visit last night to his brethren of the Lumber Troop. The number of Liverymen who met yesterday at the Vestry of St. Bride's, and proceeded to Guildhall to poll for Mr. Wilkes, fell very short of what was expected.

Sir Joseph Mawbey, Bart. has been very assiduous every day since the poll began for Sheriffs at Guildhall, in favour of the patriotic Aldermen, and received repeated applause from the Livery.

Yesterday, after calling up the books at Guildhall, an affidavit was made before Mr. Alderman Wilkes, respecting the receipt of a certain letter, tending to influence the Livery in their choice of Sheriffs; after which the manuscript letter and affidavit were publicly read.

Yesterday Mr. Bellas was shoved down the stairs, leading from the Husting, and otherwise roughly treated by the populace.

A writer against Mr. Wilkes says, "It will be much wondered at, if any man of wealth and independence ever again takes a public part in defence of the rights of the Citizens of London; the treatment of Mess. Oliver, Townsend, and Bellas, last Monday by Mr. Wilkes's friends, was equally infamous and unparalelled. These vociferous belabourers for Wilkes and Liberty, have the impudence to pretend that they are contending for freedom, and yet would deny their superiors in the conduct, all free-will and free-agency."

A Writer in favour of Mr. Wilkes says: "Call to mind the services he has done us; consider that your houses are sacred, your papers safe from general warrants, which but for Wilkes had now perhaps been let loose amongst you; with penetration to discover, and courage to resist the wicked schemes of an infamous Administration, should Mr. Wilkes be unemployed?"

June 29. An honest Liverymen of Whitechapel having polled for Mr. Wilkes yesterday, and seeing him upon the Husting, avowed him thus: "I told you I never would leave you." The worthy Alderman immediately answered, "And I never will leave you."

It was on Wednesday night laid at a Coffee-house near the Exchange, that three ingenious Liverymen had actually been offered 20 guineas each for their single votes, which they nobly refused.

The Court of Directors of a certain great Company, are now exerting all their influence with the Livery in favour of the two Ministerial Aldermen.

Mr. Smith, a Merchant in Budge-row, received a letter a few days ago (which was delivered to him by mistake instead of another Gentleman in the same neighbourhood) from a person belonging to a Public Office desiring him to support Alderman Plumbe and Kirkman, which Mr. Smith immediately made public; and afterward he, and Mr. Orm's Clerk, made an affidavit of the truth of it before Alderman Wilkes, Alderman Plumbe having refused to accept their affidavit.

One Welch, a true ancient Briton, came yesterday to Guildhall from Monmouthshire, distant 160 miles from the City, to poll for Mr. Alderman Wilkes, and Mr. Bull.

A warm Partisan for Mr. Wilkes, who was chosen into the Common Council for Castle Baynard Ward upon that Interest, when he found the poll go in favour of Kirkman and Plumbe, shrunk from his promise of voting for Wilkes and Bull, with this emphatical expression: "Who would fly in the face of 4000!" having had a promise of being Under Sheriff.

On Thursday Mr. Alderman Kirkman came to town, and when he heard that the M-----ry had sent their mandates into the City, he was much offended. Mr. Kirkman and Mr. Wilkes are upon the best terms.

Letters from Lisbon say, that a report prevails there that the French King had threatened to recall his Minister and Consuls from every place in Portugal, on account of some commercial infringements, which his subjects had lately suffered in that kingdom.

We are informed that, by a special express arrived at his Excellency's Mouschin Pouschin, the Russian Ambassador at our Court, intelligence was brought him on Monday last, that all the magazines of pitch, tar, railroad, hemp, flax, and linen, at Petersburg, had been totally burnt to ashes, together with a fourth or fifth of the whole town, which is the metropolis of the Russian Empire. The Russian Ministry instantly

went to work to discover the daring and flagitious incendiary, and, in less than four and twenty hours, they found a French man dressed in woman's apparel. This disguise led them to suspect he might be the man; they put him to the torture; and the wile wretch has confessed the whole plot, from Alpha to Omega.

Several ships of the Russian fleet have left the Mediterranean, to return towards the North. By the above circumstance, it is supposed that the treaty of pacification between the Turks and Russians is in great forwardness, if not concluded.

The Rev. Dr. Wilson being on the Husting at Guildhall on Thursday, and discoursing very familiarly with Mr. Wilkes, a Common Councilman present asked the Doctor how he could possibly countenance a man of Mr. Wilkes's libertine principles? To which the Doctor instantly replied, "Sir, there is joy in heaven over one sinner that repenteth, more than over ninety and nine just persons, who need no repentance."

Since the publication of the letter and affidavit by Mr. Smith, numbers of the Livery, who intended to vote for Messieurs Kirkman and Plumbe, have reversed their opinions, and polled for Messieurs Wilkes and Bull.

Yesterday a Plasterer, near Fleet-ditch, under distressed circumstances, with a wife and several children, being a Liverymen, was offered Ten Guineas to vote for the senior Aldermen, which he rejected with contempt, and immediately went and polled for Mr. Alderman Wilkes, and Mr. Bull.

July 2. It is said that one reason why Mr. Wilkes stands a candidate for the office of Sheriff is, the opportunity which that office will give him of being admitted into his Majesty's presence, and of having his case before him in person.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, June 25.

"Letters received here from Petersburg advise, that on the 23rd inst. a dreadful fire broke out in that city, which it is believed was effected by some incendiaries; 50 stone houses, and 500 wooden houses, were consumed, with the magazines of hemp, pitch, and tar, in which happily there was not a great quantity. This unfortunate accident has ruined many private persons; and the damage it has occasioned amounts to upwards of a million of roubles."

On Saturday the Sally, Osman, arrived in the river from Jamaica; by her there is advice that there has been a very bad crop of sugar. We hear from undoubted authority that a Squadron, composed of several of the guardships at Portsmouth and Plymouth, will be immediately sent on a cruise to the westward, under the command of a Rear Admiral, for the purpose of executing the officers and men.

A letter from the Hague, dated June 28, says, "It is whispered here, that the King of Portugal had lately run a new risk for his life, by a poisoned letter, which had been presented to his most Faithful Majesty; but that happily it had not the effect which the Traitors who sent it expected."

Perhaps the most universal compliment that has been paid for years past, was yesterday paid to Doctor Wilson, when he mounted the Husting at Guildhall; even his very enemies complimented him. The good old man by way of gratitude remarked, that he only wished to see justice administered: "When I can see that, said he, I shall say, Lord, now let's see how thy servant depart in peace."

India stock has risen within the 5 days between 5 and 6 per cent. The confirmation of the amity between the Russians, Turks, Austrians, and Prussians, has lent a hand to this rise.

We hear that the Lord Chancellor has within these few days had divers private audiences with a Great Personage, on the subject of a popular Alderman being elected Sheriff.

Yesterday the Lord Mayor ordered the numbers on the poll for Sheriffs to be put up at the front of the Mansion-house.

Last night about 9 o'clock, a very numerous concourse of people assembled in the environs of Guildhall, Cheap-side, the Mansion House, &c. to oblige the inhabitants to illuminate their houses on account of Mr. Wilkes's success in his election. The mob having divided, part paraded Cornhill and onwards, whilst the other proceeded along Cheap-side, through St. Paul's Church-yard, down Ludgate-hill, up Fleet-street, and quite through the Strand to Whitehall, where they made a stop. In the course of these perambulations, it is but just to observe, that the rabble, in general, behaved with more patience than was expected, giving every one a proper time to put up their candles before they proceeded to any violence. Several, however, through obliquity underwent their fury, and one house in Fleet-street, near St. Dunstan's church, and several in the Strand, had their windows broke in several places. When they came to Charing-cross, a hue and cry was raised of "Lord North's Lord North," by which the Public were made to believe, that they had marked his Lordship out for their revenge; but they contented themselves with spending their fury upon a public-house at Charing-cross. The occasion was this: A Constable being on the watch there, to seize on any riotous person, was going to lay hold on some who had ignorantly supposed that the Duke of Northumberland had neglected to put out lights, mistaking the front of his house for his dwelling-house, and had thrown several stones against the windows; the mob, therefore, flew upon the Constable, who took shelter in a public-house, and as they could not get at him, they broke every window in the top room, so that the floor was quite covered with stones: The people of the house were obliged to remove backwards, to save themselves from being knocked on the head. They did not go to Pall-mall, but returned and dispersed.

The two following Toasts are now drunk: May the Sheriffs retire and triumph over the Ministers black rod. May patriotic principle be never lost out of ministerial interest.

July 4. A letter from Paris, dated June 24, mentions, that a paper hath been posted up on the pedestal of the statue of Louis XV. with this inscription--*Ludovicus nullus.*

A Great Personage has declared he will on no account admit the popular Patriot into his presence, but that when he comes to St. James's in his magnificent capacity, upon any public occasions, he must expect to be received only by the Lord in waiting.

The prophecy of the Earl of Chatham seems now verifying apace. In speaking of the conduct of the present Ministry, he said, "You have made Mr. Wilkes your Master; you will soon make him Sheriff for London and Middlesex, and afterwards Lord Mayor."

Yesterday the two Sheriffs, accompanied by one of the Under Sheriffs, went at half an hour past ten to Guildhall, and cast up the poll books for the new election of Sheriffs, which they finished about a quarter after three, when Mr. Common Serjeant, in the room of the Recorder, who was at the Sessions House, declared the numbers to be as follow; viz. For Alderman Wilkes 2315; Mr. Bull 2194; Alderman Kirkman 1949; Plumbe 1875; Oliver 119. Whereupon the two first were declared duly elected; which was received by the very numerous concourse of people in the hall, with long and loud acclamations; and the Sheriffs elect addressed the Livery as follows:

Mr. Alderman WILKES'S SPEECH.

Gentlemen, and Fellow Citizens, "I Thank you for the honour you have done me, and congratulate you on the compleat triumph of this day over the corrupt arts of a profligate Administration, the most barefaced Bribery and daring Menaces, the many shameful practices of the wretched Tools of arbitrary Power among us, the insolent mandates of Placemen, and the Treachery of the pretended Friends of Liberty and their Country. Your firmness and zeal have crushed the united forces of all those, who meant to enslave this great City. I have not the least doubt that the same happy union among ourselves will always remain a firm barrier against every future attack, from the concealed and insidious Friend, or the open Enemy."

"Permit me to assure you of the closest attention to every part of my duty, and the faithful discharge of my office. One particular only I must entirely leave to my worthy Colleague, as I am incapable of acting. Petitions from this City to the House of Commons I cannot present at the Bar of that House, because I am actually a part of the Representative Body of this kingdom, being one of the legal Members for this County. The independent and spirited Freeholders of Middlesex have given me as clear a right to a seat in Parliament, as the Electors of any other Knight of a Shire of England can give to any Gentleman. By the most atrocious injustice of a Majority, placed and pensioned by the venal influence of the Minister, I am deprived of the enjoyment of that right, in direct violation of the clearest privileges of a free people. My legal claim however is clear, and shall on all occasions be supported with spirit."

"The Sheriffs, Gentlemen, merit all our thanks for their attentive, upright, and impartial behaviour during the course of a tedious poll. To a thorough knowledge of business they joined the utmost fairness and candour. In the whole of their proceedings they have secured the approbation of the public. Their conduct cannot at any time be excelled; but I hope it will be equalled, at least by those, who, through your favour, are to be their immediate successors."

THE SPEECH OF FREDERICK BULL, Esq.

Gentlemen of the Livery and Fellow Citizens,

"Permit me to acknowledge to you the sense I have of the honour you have now called me to, and I cannot but think myself the more obliged, as it was unlooked for by me."

"I should not in these alarming times have waited to be asked to accept, could I have thought myself equal to, this important Office. However, Gentlemen, as you have been pleased to fix on me, give me leave to assure you, I will do every thing in my power to preserve the peace, and to promote the welfare, the honour, and independence, of the City of London."

The Sheriffs were particularly careful in casting up the Poll on account of it having been reported, that a Scrutiny would be demanded; but no motion was made for that purpose.

According to letters from Vienna, the Court of Peterburgh is actually meditating an expedition to the frontiers of China, and the Mogul's country, which will be carried into execution after peace is made with the Grand Signor.

They write from Brest, that while the French are apparently disarming their fleets at Brest, Rochfort, and Toulon, the Intendants of the Marine at these Ports are indefatigable in augmenting the naval stores, collecting magazines of ship timber, and completing the several men of war on the stocks.

We are informed that no account of any fresh insult offered by Spain has been received here; but that the men of war appointed for cruising to the westward, is in consequence of a resolution taken by the Lords of the Admiralty, to keep the naval officers and seamen in constant exercise, and the ships always ready, in case of any unexpected attack.

NEW-YORK, September 2.

Wednesday last the Powles-Hook Races began, when the Purse of £ 100 was run for by Capt. Delancey's chestnut Colt, Sultan, Mr. Perkins's black Horse, Steady, Mr. Dick's grey Horse, Vitriol, and Mr. Israel Waters's bay Mare, Nettle, which was won with great ease by the latter. And

The Day following the Purse of £ 50 was run for by the following Horses, viz. Mr. Whitehead Cornell's Horse, Booby, Mr. Armstrong's Horse, Hero, Mr. Elsworth's grey Colt, Quicksilver, Mr. Butler's bay Horse, Bastard, Mr. Timothy Cornell's black Horse, Richmond, Mr. Dick's grey Horse, Vitriol, Mr. Perkins's black Horse, Steady, Mr. Van Horne's grey Mare, Catty Crow, and Mr. William Cornell's grey Mare, Dove; which was won by Booby, after three Heats hard running.

Captain Stanton, in 29 Days from the Bay, informs us, That a Snow belonging to Glasgow, bound for Virginia, failed in Company with him, but put back a few Hours after she failed.

The Fox Mast Ship from London, the 27th of July, in Lat. 40: 51, Long. 54: 30, spoke with the Carnarvan Mast Ship, Capt. Salmon, from this Port for London; the 6th ult. in Lat. 38: 19 Long. 59, with the Ship Thomas and William, Capt. Cox, from Maryland for London also; the 9th, in Lat. 37: 46, Long. 57, with the Sloop Neptune, Capt. Trever, from Fyall for Rhode-Island; the 19th, with a Snow, Capt. Morgan, from South-Carolina for Bristol, Long. 57: 30; And on the 20th, Lat. 37: 58, Long. 65: 20, with the Ship Newry Packet, Capt. Robinson, from Philadelphia for Ireland.

The Lord Hyde Packet that failed from hence the beginning of June last, was going into Falmouth, as the last Packet came out.

PHILADELPHIA, September 5.

On the First Instant departed this Life, after a lingering Illness, SARAH WISTER, Wife of RICHARD WISTER, of this City. She was a Person possessed of good natural Abilities, which being religiously improved, she thereby filled the several Stations assigned her with Propriety; being an affectionate Wife, a pious Mother, a prudent Economist, and a sincere Friend. On the Day following her Remains were attended by a large Number of the Inhabitants to Friends Burial Ground, where, after a solemn Pause, and many Gospel Truths delivered, suited to the Occasion, she was decently interred.

No Happiness while here can be complete,

No lasting Laurels till the last Retreat.

Extract of a Letter from London, July 3.

"You will perhaps have heard, e'er this arrives, that Wilkes is chosen one of the Sheriffs for Middlesex, by a great Majority. A fortunate Accident gained him his Election. The Letter of Mr. Robinson, which you will see in the public Papers, effectually did his Business. There appeared in one of the Morning Papers of To-day, a humorous Thing, called Wilkes's Will, in which he is made to leave Lord Rockingham 'Spirit to support a good Cause,' and his 'Breeches to Mrs. Macaulay.' His Lordship may smile at the Wit of the Piece, tho' at the same Time he heartily despises both Wilkes and his Party."

Captain Campbell, from South-Carolina, informs, that the Day he failed from thence he fell in with a Spanish Snow, from the Havannah, bound to Old Spain, having on board the Passengers and Crews of two Vessels lately cast away, and being in Want of Provisions, the Spanish Captain desired him to carry them to some Port, when he took them to Cape Look-out, in North-Carolina, where they landed about 100 of the Men, and waited till they could get a Supply of Provisions from Newbern, in order to proceed on their Voyage; that he learnt from the People who were landed, there were only two Vessels lost on Cape-Florida (and not seven, as mentioned in our last) viz. a Ship and a Snow, richly laden, from La Vera Cruz, who were in Company with several other Ships, and were carrying home a Regiment, which had lately been relieved; that they fared good Part of the Treasure before they left the Vessels, which they put on board the above Snow; and that they intended to hire a Vessel to carry them to the Havannah. Captain Campbell has brought five of the Spaniards in with him. There were on board one of the Vessels that were cast away, several Englishmen, who were taken trading with the Spaniards, had been confined at the Havannah for two or three Years, and were sentenced to be sent to Spain, there to remain five Years longer, but are happily now released.

Monday last the Ship Mercury, Captain Steel, arrived here from Barbados. On his Outward-bound Passage, on the 11th of July, in Lat. 33: 22, Long. 63: 21, he passed by the Wreck of a New-England-built single Deck Brig, with only her Foremast and Bowprit standing, the Mainmast appeared to have been cut away; she was stripped of all her Rigging, her Boom in the Starboard Crutch; the Bulk-head of her Half Deck stove in, and she was full of Water, but her main Deck whole, and had a Water-Cask lashed on her Forecastle; her Drift was painted black, her Quarters red, and her Mouldings yellow, appeared to be about two or three Years old, and looked as if she had been in that Condition five or six Weeks; no Person on board, and her Boats were gone.

Captain Richards, from St. Martin's, on the 27th ult. about 25 Leagues from our Capes, spoke the Schooner George, Captain Sibbald, from this Port for Newfoundland, all well.

Captain Outerbridge, from Bermuda, on the 24th of August, in Lat. 34, Long. 66, spoke the Schooner Britannia, Captain John Stewart, from Cape-May for Dominica, who informed that his Mate was then dying; and on the 25th, in Lat. 34: 30, Long. 68: 30, he spoke the Brig Nancy, Captain Shroud, from this Port for Barbados, out 4 Days, all well.

The University of Dublin has been lately pleased to confer the Degree of Doctor in Divinity on the Rev. Mr. PHILIP HUGHES, Rector of Chester Parish, in Kent County, Maryland.

ARRIVALS.

From this Port. Captain Simmonds, at Barbados; and Captains Hanse, and Carr, at Jamaica.

At Barbados. Captains Price, Barnes, Cowper, and Bagot, from Virginia; and Capt. Rogers, from Falmouth, N. England.

Deal, June 16. Came down and failed, the Aderton, How, for Maryland.

June 18. Came down and failed, the Hunt, Lyddle, for Ditto.

July 3. Came down and failed, the Matty, Fox, for Virginia.

Messieurs HALL and SELLER'S,

I HAVE lately seen in the Gazette a Piece, signed A Pennsylvanian Planter, on the Subject of manufacturing, that must give real Satisfaction to every Friend of American Arts and Manufactures. I think nothing can be added to the Arguments made use of on that Occasion: But if Money is raised to promote such a useful Design, I think the Woollen Manufacturer, who some Time ago offered his Services, and begged the kind Assistance of his Country, ought to have some Share in the public Benevolence. I wish (at least) that he may be taken some Notice of, as he has been at Pains to inform his Countrymen what he can do, and did they know him as well as I, they could depend on his Veracity. What though little can be done for some Years? it will however lay the Foundation of a useful and necessary Branch, be daily growing to greater Perfection, and one Mean of encouraging Industry among the Poor, which has ever been the Policy of wise Statesmen, and more especially necessary to the Welfare and Happiness of the Colonies.

A SHEPHERD.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, Philadelphia, INWARD ENTRIES.
Snow Neptune, T. E. Wallace, from Amsterdam. Brig James, R. Warnack, St. Croix. Sloop Little Molly, T. Burrows, Sallertuda. Schooner Ellis, J. Sanderlin, N. Carolina. Sloop Molly, E. Rogers, Boston. Sloop Sally, S. Mitchell, Maryland. Schooner Swallow, E. Lathorp, Guadalupe. Sloop Herring, B. Richards, Barbados and St. Martin's. Sloop Ann, J. Robinson, Halifax. Sloop Sally, T. Albersen, N. York. Schooner Polly, S. Green, N. Providence. Brig Polly, J. Shields, Jamaica.

OUTWARDS. Schooner William, N. Lamson, for Boston. Sloop Dove, D. Ferguson, N. York. Sloop Polly S. Mitchell, Maryland. Schooner Sidney, J. Woodbridge, N. Carolina. Brig Charlesown Packet, S. Wright, S. Carolina. Brig Harmony, T. Rodgers, Gibraltar. Sloop Louis, R. Brisson, for Hispaniola.

CLEARED. Brig Sally, R. Cunningham, to Dominica. Sloop Ellis, J. Sanderlin, N. Carolina. Sloop Hopewell, W. Carlisle, Antigua. Sloop Polly, J. Pledger, N. Carolina. Sloop Little Peggy, S. Parker, and Schooner Amelia, S. Chowne, Virginia. Brig Peggy, P. Brown, to Cadiz.

TO THE PUBLIC.

ON SATURDAY Morning next, the seventh Instant, will be opened, by BONNIN and MORRIS, Proprietors of the CHINA MANUFACTORY, at their Warehouse, the East Side of Second-street, a few Doors below Market-street; a general Assortment of AMERICAN CHINA, which they will dispose of at the cheapest Rates, both Wholesale and Retail.

By virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale on Saturday, the 7th of this instant September, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, and to be struck off at 6 o'clock, at the house of James Neill, at the Sign of the Rainbow, in the Northern Liberties of Philadelphia, A certain messuage or tenement, and lot of piece of ground, situate in the Northern Liberties of Philadelphia, on the east side of Second-street continued, containing in breadth 20 feet, and in depth, on the south-side, 149 feet 3 inches, and on the north-side 104 feet 6 inches; the same extending 47 feet further eastward, narrowing gradually, till it comes to the breadth of 18 feet; bounded westward by Second street aforesaid, north and south by ground of Levy Budd, and others; and eastward by ground late of Geoffrey Leubeger; subject to a ground rent of Six Pounds per Annum; late the estate of William Vanbeverdy, seized and taken in execution by JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

DOCTOR RUHN'S Course of Lectures on the Materia Medica, will begin on Monday, the 28th of October, at 12 o'clock, in which he will treat of the various Substances that are employed, either in Medicine or Diet, for the Preservation of Health, and Cure of Diseases; describe their Virtues and Uses; investigate the Foundation of the Virtues ascribed to them; explain their Manner of Operation, and ascertain the proper Doses and Circumstances in which they may be administered with Advantage.

College of Philadelphia, September 4, 1771.

A COURSE of Lectures and Experiments on Chemistry, will commence on Monday, the 28th of October, at 3 o'clock in the Afternoon, by BENJAMIN RUSH, M.D. Professor of Chemistry in the College of Philadelphia. In these Lectures and Experiments, it is proposed to deliver not only the chemical History of the various Bodies in Nature, such as Salts, Earths, Inflammables, Metals, Waters, &c. with their Application to Medicine; but also to explain and illustrate most of those curious Operations in Nature and Art, which depend upon chemical Principles. The whole will be taught in such a Manner, as to be intelligible to the private Gentleman and enquiring Artist, as well as the Student of Medicine. The Price of a Ticket Six Pounds.

TO THE ELECTORS of the City of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,
I RETURN you my sincere Thanks for the Favor, you were pleased to confer upon me last Year, by choosing me one of your Representatives in Assembly. Being then absent, at a considerable Distance from Town, and not having received any Notice of your Intentions, when I left home, I had not a timely Opportunity of requesting you to excuse me from serving you in that Office. My Respect for you engaged me therefore to accept it; and I hope I have, on this, and every other Occasion, where a public Trust has been committed to me, acted in such a Manner, that my Fellow Citizens and Countrymen will believe my Conduct has been solely influenced by a Regard for their Welfare. As several Reasons have determined me not to continue longer in Assembly, I earnestly desire, you will be so kind as to chuse, at the ensuing Election, some Person to represent you in the Place of GENTLEMEN.

Your obliged Friend, and faithful Servant,

September 2, 1771.

J. H. DICKINSON.

TO THE FREEHOLDERS, and others, qualified to choose Members of Assembly, for the City and County of Philadelphia.

GENTLEMEN,
I AM obliged to you for the good Opinion you have entertained of me, in choosing me one of your Representatives in the General Assembly of this Province, for several Years past; but, as my own private Business too much interferes with the necessary Application to so important a Trust, I must beg you will excuse me, by choosing some other Person, at the ensuing Election, to serve in my Stead, which will much oblige your sincere Friend,

THOMAS LIVEZEY.

TO THE FREEHOLDERS, and ELECTORS, of the County of SUSSEX, in Delaware.

GENTLEMEN,
I RETURN you my most sincere and grateful Thanks, for the Honour you conferred on me, in choosing me your Representative in Assembly, for upwards of Forty Years past. At length, finding myself, through the Infirmities of old Age, unable to serve you any longer in that Capacity, I beg that you will be pleased to choose some other Person in my Stead, at the next general Election. I am, with much Esteem, and Regard, GENTLEMEN, your much obliged humble Servant,

JACOB KOLLOCK.

CHOICE London and Cyder Vinegar, to be sold, wholesale and retail, by HENRY ROBINSON, in Leticia Court. Also old Jamaica spirits, West-India rum, Madeira wine, claret, in bottles, Geneva, French brandy, bohea tea, coffee, mustard, and chocolate; loaf, lump, and muscovado sugar; nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, and mace; whole and ground ginger, pepper, indigo, capers, &c. &c. &c.

A Chocolate Mill, with all the utensils, to be sold cheap, for cash.

To be SOLD, at public VENDUE,

On the 14th of October, 1771, at the Cross-roads, Duck-creek, a NUMBER of LOTS of GROUND, well situated at said town, each lot will be accommodated with a sufficient front, on a fine street, 50 feet wide, which leads from the main county road straight to the Maryland road, in which street, a sufficient space will be left for a market; the conditions of sale are, that the purchaser shall pay one fourth of the purchase money immediately, and will be allowed time for the remainder, on giving security; attendance will be given, and indisputable titles made to them, by WILLIAM BALL.

SAMUEL BALL.

N. B. The above lots have a fine situation, in a very flourishing town, at the head navigation of Duck-creek, in a rich wheat country: and is a great thoroughfare and place of trade.

Trenton, August 31, 1771.

THERE is in the Store of the Subscriber, a large B O X, containing Garden Rakes, Ropes, Traces, &c. Any Person wishing their Property, and paying Charges, may have the same, by applying to **FURMAN and HUNT.**

ROBERT WILSON,

HAS imported in the Hawke, Captain Williams, from LONDON, a general Assortment of GOODS, suitable for the approaching Season, which he will sell on the most reasonable Terms, at his Store, in Second-street, near the Corner of Chestnut-street.

FRANCIS DAYMON,

MASTER of the FRENCH, LATIN, &c.
BEGS leave to offer his most grateful acknowledgments, to those Ladies and Gentlemen, who have honoured him with their attendance upon his instructions.

The encouragement he has received, emboldens him to continue to teach the useful and polite French language, in the newest and most expeditious method, agreeable to the latest improvements of the French academy. Those Ladies and Gentlemen who choose to be instructed at their respective places of abode, are humbly requested speedily to apply, in order that it may be in his power to wait upon them at convenient hours. And those who choose to attend his regular class, already opened for that purpose, will be waited upon, at the French academy, from six o'clock till nine, every night henceforth through the season, at his own house, in Front-street, nearly opposite the London Coffee-house, where due attendance will be given to those who incline to be instructed by him.

N. B. He has received by one of the last ships, from London, a choice collection of French, &c. books, very suitable for his scholars, 300 more vols. are expected by the next vessel.

THE Assignees of S. MUEL BOND, late of this City, Merchant, having received a small Sum of Money, towards the Discharge of his Debts, request all Persons who have any Demands against him, to bring their Accounts before the 20th of September instant, duly proved, to JOHN BROWN, of Philadelphia, Merchant, that a Dividend of the same may be settled.

W A N T E D,

AN APPRENTICE to the mercantile BUSINESS. One who writes a good Hand, and is thoroughly acquainted with Arithmetic, on Application to the PRINTER of this Paper, may know where to apply.

Burlington, September 2, 1771.

THE Creditors of JOHN GOSLING, senior, deceased, are desired to attend at the House of the Widow Common, Inn-keeper, near Mantua Creek, in the County of Gloucester, or send their Accounts, duly proved, on the 29th or 30th Days of November next, as the Trustees will then attend, in order to make a final Settlement of said Estate: And all those who are indebted to said Estate, are requested to make Payment before the Time aforesaid, to prevent Trouble.

WILLIAM SMITH, JOHN LAWRENCE, Trustees.

Lancaster, August 25, 1771.

RUN away from the subscriber, an Irish servant man, named ALEXANDER MONRO, 5 feet and $\frac{1}{2}$ inch high; had on, when he went away, a home made cotton coat, a diamond wave jacket, a hemp shirt, buckskin breeches, white cotton stockings, and good shoes; talks English, Dutch, and Scotch. Whoever takes up said servant, and secures him in any goal, so that his master may have him again, shall have FOUR DOLLARS reward, and reasonable charges, paid by **JONAS METSGER.**

Chester county, August 21, 1771.

RUN away last night, from the subscriber, living in East-Nottingham township, a Negro man, known by the name of JACK or JOHN RICHARDSON, he is a smart likely fellow, about 5 feet 6 inches high, and about 30 years of age; had on, when he went away, a dark coloured cloth jacket or coat, a white linen shirt, ozenbrigs trowsers, grey yarn stockings, good shoes, and an old hat; he has a lump on the under part of one of his wrists, and wants the first joint of one of his great toes; he is well known about Chester, by a trial he had for his freedom, but being disappointed of his expectations, he was sent home, and continued till about the 18th of November last, when he absconded from his master, and was put in the public gazettes; but a few days before they came from the press, he was met by a certain public friend, known by the name of Jam s Rigbee, who took him into Maryland, and kept him in his employ for near 9 months, but finding he could no longer keep him, without being put to trouble, or his ungenerous actions appearing more in the public, he delivered him up to his master, on the 17th of this instant. Whoever takes up said Negro, and secures him, so as his master may have him again, shall have SIX DOLLARS reward, and reasonable charges, paid by **WILLIAM BEAN.**

N. B. It is possible the Negro may endeavour to pass for a freeman, by some writings he may have for that purpose; therefore, all masters of vessels are forbid to carry him off, at their peril.

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, the 22d of August last, near Trenton, a Mulattoe fellow, named HUMPHREY, a luffy well set fellow, about 30 years of age, very near sighted; had on, when he went away, a white shirt, a bearskin coat, with white metal buttons, brown jacket, white ticken breeches, worsted stockings, half-worn shoes, large brass buckles; took with him a tow shirt and trowsers. Whoever secures the said Mulattoe fellow, so that his master may have him again, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by me.

ELIJAH BOND.

RUN away the 26th of August, at night, from the subscriber, living near Rdgely's Iron-works, on Gunpowder Falls, in Baltimore county, Maryland, a cowardly servant man, named THOMAS BADLEY, about 50 years of age, and a grey headed, a luffy well set man, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high; had on, and took with him, a blue broadcloth coat and jacket, a pair of greasy buckskin breeches, two pair of old worsted stockings, good shoes, and copper buckles, two old Holland shirts, a red and white silk handkerchief, a felt hat, a green pocket-book, with several papers in it, and a discharge from the army. Whoever takes up the said servant, and secures him, so that his master may have him again, shall receive, if taken in the county, Thirty Shillings; if out of the county, Forty Shillings; and if cut off the province, THREE POUNDS, paid by **ALEXIS LEMMON.**

W A N T E D,

A MIDDLE aged WOMAN, of a good Character, that understands managing a Dairy, and taking Care of a small Family and Farm. Such a One, on Application to JAMES WALLACE, in Third-street, Philadelphia, will have suitable Encouragement.

New-Castle County, N. J.
On WEDNESDAY, the 25th day of September next, will be exposed to sale, at public VENDUE, the following pieces or parcels of LAND, situate in Whiteclay Creek Hundred, in the county of New-Castle aforesaid, to wit:
ONE messuage, and piece of land, containing 17 acres, situate and being at the east end of the town of Newark; late the property of a certain Jonathan Davis.
Also one other piece of land, situate at Newark aforesaid, containing 11 acres; late the property of a certain Jonathan Jarman.
And also a messuage, barn, and 100 acres, and 110 perches of land, situate in the Hundred and County aforesaid, adjoining lands of Samuel Armitage, and others, now in the possession of William McDowell, and Thomas Singleton; being the real estate of Captain John Singleton, late of the county of New-Castle aforesaid, deceased. Attendance will be given on the premises, by Morgan Edwards, and Elizabeth, his wife, late Elizabeth Singleton, Executrix, and Thomas Lunn, Executor, of the testament and last will of said deceased, or their attorney.
By order of the Orphan's Court,
RICHARD M'WILLIAM, Clerk.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.
RUN away from the subscriber, living on the Fork of Gunpowder, in Baltimore county, Maryland, the 20th of August, 1771, at night, a convict servant man, named WILLIAM LOWE, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, of a sandy complexion, brown hair and beard, a mole on his chin, and one of his eye-teeth sticks out on the left side; had on, when he went away, a snuff coloured coat, a blue jacket, old black leather breeches, oxenbrigs trousers, and an old beaver hat, with the crown greased: He took with him a chestnut sorrel HORSE, about 14 hands high, his boots turn up very much, with being foundered; also a half worn hunting saddle, and a new half-curb bridle. As he is a good scholar, it is supposed he has forged a pass. Whoever takes up the said servant, and brings him to the subscriber, living near Bush-Town, in Baltimore County, and speaks pretty good English, but is a very idle drunken fellow; had on and took with him, a Castor Hat, newly dressed, two jackets without sleeves, one a greyish Nap Broadcloth, with white Metal Buttons, the other a red and white flannel about Linsey lapped, Country made Shirt and Trowsers, a black Silk Handkerchief, and old Shoes, with round carved yellowish Metal Buckles. He was taken up as a Runaway last October was a Year, and committed to New-Castle Goal, out of which he was redeemed by the Subscriber, with whom he has lived till about three Weeks ago. Whoever secures and brings him to the Subscriber, living near Bush-Town, or commits him to Goal, if taken in the county, shall have Eight Dollars Reward, and if out of the Province, Five Pounds, and reasonable Charges, paid by
JOHN MEGAW.

TO BE SOLD, by PUBLIC VENDUE,
on the premises, on Thursday, the 8th of October next, a PLANTATION, or tract of land, situate in the township of West Nottingham, on the great road leading from the Valley to Charles-Town, on Northeast; bounded by lands of James Allen, Samuel Brown, William Knight, Daniel Job, John Lewden, Eliza Brown, Elizabeth Kirk, and Joseph Haines; containing, by estimation, 245 acres, 150 acres (perhaps) are cleared; there is a large quantity of meadow already made, with plenty of water, and more may be made; a good stream of water runs through the premises; there is on said place a good log dwelling-house, barn, and orchard: The purchaser is to pay one third part of the purchase money immediately, and the remainder is to be divided into yearly payments. The said plantation was the estate of James Johnson, deceased, late of the said township, who empowered his executor, by his last will and testament, to sell the same, and apply the money as by the said will is directed. The title will be shewn on the day of sale, by
WILLIAM KNIGHT, Executor.

TO BE SOLD,
**SEVERAL Farms or Tracts of Land, situate in the County of Hunterdon, in the Western Division of New-Jersey, being Part of a large Tract of Land known by the Name of the Society Great Tract: The Lots are distinguished and known by Lots No. 45, whereon John Tanney now lives, containing 187 Acres, situate within 3 Miles of New-German-Town, where there is a good Market for all kinds of Produce; about 80 Acres cleared, very good Wheat-land, and well timbered and watered.
No. 46, adjoining No. 45, in Possession of the aforesaid John Tanney, containing 218 Acres, on which is a good bearing Orchard, and a quantity of very good Meadow, and more may be made at small Expence: There is a sufficient Quantity of land cleared, the rest good Timber-land, which is much wanted in the Neighbourhood.
No. 51, now in Possession of Matthias Crammer, containing 287 Acres, situate about one Mile from New-German-Town, 150 Acres cleared, which is excellent Wheat-land, and 10 Acres of Meadow in good English Grass, and much more may be made with very little Trouble.
No. 80, in Possession of Peter Bloome, containing 209, and 75 Parts of an Acre, situate in the Township of Alexandria, about 2 Miles from the River Delaware, and 3 from Alexandria; 100 Acres cleared, which is good Wheat-land, 10 Acres of extraordinary good Meadow, and more may easily be made.
No. 83, in Possession of Joseph Fishbough, containing 284, and 40 Parts of an Acre, adjoining Peter Bloome's Farm; 100 Acres cleared, which is good Wheat-land, and a sufficient Quantity of Meadow in English Grass.
No. 139, in Possession of Richard Reid, containing 146 Acres, situate in the Township of Bethlehem, 5 Miles from the Union Iron-Works, where there is ready Market for all Kind of Produce; 90 Acres cleared, with 10 Acres of Meadow, and more may be made.
The above Tracts of Land are in good Repair, with sufficient remarkable Houses, Barns, and other Conveniences thereon. Any Person inclinable to purchase, may apply to John Smyth, Esq; at Perth-Amboy, to Henry Cuyler, and Barend R. Cuyler, at New-York, or John Emley, living near the Premises. An indisputable Title will be given.
* 8 W.**

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.
RUN away from the subscriber, living in the Borough of Wilmington, in New-Castle County, on Delaware, an Apprentice Lad, named Hugh McCallion, by Trade a Shoemaker, about 20 Years of Age, five Feet 8 or 9 Inches high, a pretty Slim Fellow, thin Face, pale Complexion, and has dark long hair: Had on when he went away, a light blue Linsey Jacket, a Pair of Check Trowsers, Tow Shirt, old Pumps, patched at the Toes, with Buckles in them, and a deep crowned Wool Hat. Whoever secures said Apprentice, so that his Master may get him again, shall have the above Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by
ANDREW CRIPS.
N. B. He pretended to go with the Soldiers.

CHOTHIER'S SHEARS,
MADE and SOLD by the Subscriber, in Charlestown, Chester County; where Gentlemen Clothiers may be supplied to their Minds, at a short Notice, with Shears of any Dimensions, warranted good. He also grinds and sets Shears. Those who please to favour him with their Custom, in that Branch of Business, may depend upon having their Work done with the greatest Care and Expedition.
JOHN GRIFFITH.

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.
RUN away from the subscriber, living in London-Grove Township, Chester County, a Dutch Servant Man, named RUDOLPH BROOKHOUSE, about 30 Years of Age, 5 Feet 10 Inches high, well made; he has a remarkable Scar on his Left Cheek, cut by a Sword, when he was a Soldier, or on board a Privateer; he served some time ago with Isaac Allen, Tavern-keeper on Newport-road, and may produce his old Indenture. Had on when he went away, an old Beaver Hat, old blue home-made Cloth Coat, lined with green Shalloon, broken in the fore Skirts, and some of the Buttons off, an old lightish coloured Broadcloth Jacket, Tow Shirt and Trowsers, Yarn Stockings, and half-worn Shoes, with Metal Buckles. Whoever secures said Servant, so as his Master may have him again, shall have the above Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by
ALEXANDER LEWIS.
N. B. The above Servant speaks the English Language very bad.

THE BRIGANTINE,
H A W K E,
FRANCIS WILLIAMS, MASTER.
Is expected to sail in about 10 Days.
FOR Freight or Passage, apply to
JOSHUA FISHER, and SONS,
or the Master on board, at Chestnut-street Wharf.
August 24.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, on Wednesday, the 18th day of September next, will be exposed to sale, that much admired and valuable plantation, whereon Colonel James Gillepsy, deceased, formerly lived, now in the possession of Robert Fulton, in Little Britain township, in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, about 30 miles from Christiana Bridge, a good landing place, where flour and other produce, and merchandise, has a constant communication to and from Philadelphia, and bounded by the lands of Messieurs William Montgomery, Joseph Brown, Widow Rippey, James Ramsay, William Peterson, and Mr. Thomas Whiteside, all kind and friendly neighbours; pleasantly situate, where 4 roads meet, one leading from York county to Christiana Bridge, the other from Lancaster to Charlestown, and 3 different Ferries on Susquehanna to Baltimore-Town, &c. containing 363 1/2 acres, with allowance, the land is kindly, and good for wheat, oats, corn and flax, and much inclined to pasture; there are also 90 acres of plowable land cleared, 16 of which new; the land is easy wrought, and free from stone. There are 70 acres of good meadow made, and 20 more of good hazel bottom may be made; it lies most delightfully, at each end of the dwelling-house, 4 rods from the door, you may see over the whole of it. There are between 900 and 1000 water-courses cut through it, by which every half acre in the whole can be sufficiently watered, except one half acre. Several small sluices are so fixed in them, that by stopping any one sluice, the water will flow, in some places, over 40, 40, or 50 rods, the course is so level, and produces good timothy and clover hay. The fences on the whole place in good order. There is also a good dwelling, part stone, and part square logs, the stone part is two stories high, 2 rooms on a floor, 3 of which have fire-places, the other part is a large stove room, a good kitchen, 2 good cellars, a draw well, and oven at the kitchen door. Also a large barn 103 by 22, a threshing floor, 4 large bays for hay and grain, 2 stables, that will hold 20 horses, a cow-house, with English stalls for 21 head; also a store-house, well shelled off; a still-house, meat-house, corn-house, and a complete log-house, all in good repair; two large neat gardens, one of half an acre, the other a truck one, well paled in. This has been a public place these 36 years, and is fit for public business, such as store-keeping, wagoning, filling, tavern keeping, and grazing, &c.
Lancaster, August 24, 1771.
FREDERICK STONE.

ACKNOWLEDGE your Favours in voting me on the Return for Sheriffs these two Years past; and as I intend to stand a Candidate for the Office at the Expiration of the present Sheriff's Time, your Votes and Interests, at the ensuing Election, in order to keep me on the Return with the present Officer, shall be gratefully acknowledged and remembered by your real friend,
Dorby, August 26, 1771.
HENRY HAYES.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.
RUN away from the Upper Cross Roads, in Baltimore county, the 4th of this instant August, two English convict servant men, viz. William Smart, a low well set fellow, about 22 years of age, speaks very broad, his hair is cut off; he served part of his time with Jeremiah Chance, and often tells lies about dealing with, or for, gentlemen in Baltimore-Town; it is likely he will pass for a Waggoner. John Brown, is a low middle sized man, wore black curled hair, has a down look, small grey eyes, by trade a Miller; it is supposed they have the following cloaths, a superfine white broadcloth coat and jacket, 1 light plush jacket, 1 nankeen jacket, 1 pair of leather breeches, 1 pair of redish broadcloth breeches, several pair of trowsers, sundry shirts, 2 pair of thread stockings, 3 silk handkerchiefs, 1 castor hat, 1 coarse felt hat, and 2 needle-worked pocket-books, with many papers belonging to Edward M'Cormick. Whoever secures the said servants, shall have Thirty Shillings for each, paid by us, WILLIAM DITTO, ABRAHAM JARRETT.
N. B. They cannot write, but may change their names.

COMMITTED to my custody, a certain RICHARD HALEY, who (when committed) had in his custody, a certain bay horse, with a small snip, also a blue broadcloth coat, with twisted silver buttons on. If said Haley has any matter, he is desired to come, within four weeks, and pay his charges, and take him away, otherwise he will be sold out for the same, by
JACOB GRAYBILL, Coalier.

THE LIBRARY COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA,
at the request of several of the MEMBERS, are desired to meet, on Saturday, the 7th day of September next, in the State-House, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, to consider of the expediency of purchasing a lot whereon to build a Library, and of passing a law empowering the Directors to execute the same.
And as the number at their late meeting was insufficient to do business, it is hoped the members in general will be punctual in attending, as thereby the sense of the company may be more certainly known in regard to the measure proposed; and a disappointment by means of there not being one fourth of the members met (as required by law) prevented.
By Order of the Directors,
August 8, 1771.
WILLIAM ATTMORE, Secretary.

THREE POUNDS Reward.
STRAYED or stolen out of the pasture of the subscriber, living in Cecil County, near Elk Meeting-House, on Wednesday night, the 16th of July last, a likely black mare, 14 hands high, a natural pacer, shod before, thin mane, and thick tail, branded on the near buttock AB in a piece. She has likewise a remarkable ring of white hairs round the pasture of one of her fore feet, as if formerly cut by a Hopper. Whoever takes up and secures said mare and thief, it stolen, so that the Owner may have the Mare again, and the thief brought to justice, shall have the above reward; but for the mare only Twenty Shillings, and reasonable charges, paid by
JOHN LAWSON.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.
RUN away, the 11th of this instant August, from near Lower Cross-Roads, in Baltimore county, an Irish servant man, named Thomas Preston, about 24 years of age, about 5 feet 9 inches high, wears short brown hair, is fresh coloured, and middling likely; he wore a brown linsey jacket, a tailor's blue jacket, country linen shirt, tow-trowsers, and a pair of old grey fiddle stockings; he writes a good hand: With him went a young Negroe man, named Toney, is pitted with the small-pox; wore an old fustian coat, and plays well on the fiddle. Whoever secures the said servant, and Negroe, shall have Thirty Shillings reward for each, and if out of the province of Maryland, shall have Fifty Shillings for each, paid by me JAMES MOORE.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.
RUN away from the subscriber, living in Baltimore county, 12 miles from Baltimore-Town, an English servant man, named WILLIAM LANGLEY, about 26 years of age, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, pale complexion, down look, short black hair; had on, or took with him, a new felt hat, grey farnought jacket, two new oxenbrigs shirts, and trowsers of the same, blue ribbed yarn stockings, half worn pumps, small square steel buckles. Whoever secures the said servant, so as the subscriber may get him again, shall have Forty Shillings, if taken in the county; if 50 miles from home, Three Pounds; if 100 miles, Four Pounds; and if out of the province, the above reward, with reasonable charges, paid by
May 1, 1771.
ABRAHAM PATTON.

ESCAPED from my custody, the 29th of July, a certain GEORGE KITCHEN, having been taken, on a precept, for debt; he is about 5 feet 8 inches high, about 28 years of age, of a fair but blotched complexion, born in England, and talks in the West country dialect, by trade a Wheelwright, roasts in his walk, and is very apt to get in liquor; had on, when he went away, a brown broadcloth coat and jacket, leather breeches, and a light gristle cut wig. Whoever takes up the said runaway, and secures him in any goal, so that the subscriber may have him again, shall receive Three Pounds reward; if brought to him, shall receive Seven Pounds, paid by
JOSEPH BRUSQUE, Coalier.

STOLEN out of the subscriber's lot, in Chester-Town, Kent county, Maryland, on Sunday night, the 9th of June last, a black HORSE, turned 4 years old, near 19 hands high; cannot pace any, quarter blood; he has a large blaze in his face, his off hind foot white pretty high up, the hair somewhat worn off his sides with the traces, no known brand. Whoever secures the said horse and thief, so that he may be prosecuted according to law, shall have THREE Pounds reward, or Thirty Shillings, and reasonable charges, for the horse only, from me DEAN REID.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.
RUN away from the subscriber, living in Cecil county, Maryland, on the 29th day of May last, a native Irish servant man, named JOHN MARR, about 5 feet 8 inches high, about 20 years of age, wears his own light coloured hair, of a ruddy complexion, speaks pretty good English, can write a tolerable good hand, and it is probable will forge a pass; had on, and took with him, a reddish mixed coloured coat, an old light coloured jacket, with metal buttons, a blue ditto, old leather breeches, middling good shoes and buckles, grey yarn stockings, new felt hat, and several shirts of country made linen; it is likely he may change his clothes, and name, as he has been seen to pass by Dunbars Town and Padle Town, near Lancaster, when he had on a red jacket, and called himself James Daughadey, and was in company with one Frances Yetts, a woman, of a luffy size, pitted with the small-pox, of a freckled dark complexion, has a child, of about 18 months old, a boy, with very fair hair; it is probable they may attempt to pass for man and wife, and may change their names and clothes, in order to get clear; she is an idle vagabond woman, and has inticed him away. Whoever secures said servant in any goal, so that his master may get him again, or brings him home, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by
SAMUEL GILPIN.

N. B. He understands farming, and dressing flax, is a grand rogue, and should he be taken, will make his escape the first opportunity, was at Pittsburg about 18 months ago, and was taken in Philadelphia.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in the Fork of Gunpowder, Baltimore County, a Negroe Man, named Jem, born in Maryland, about 5 feet 8 inches high, and 25 years of age; had on, when he went away, a white broadcloth coat, brown waistcoat, oxenbrigs trowsers, and old shoes, but it is probable, will change his dress, as he was (since he ran away) concerned with several other Negroes, in breaking open a store in Joppa, from which they have taken money and goods, to the amount of Forty Pounds. Whoever will apprehend the said Negroe, and have him secured in any goal, shall have a Reward of Three Pounds, and if brought home Five Pounds, and reasonable charges, paid by SAMUEL YOUNG.

Philadelphia, August 29, 1771.
A YOUNG Lad, named JAMES LOWE, but since called himself James Brown, who was Apprentice to one O Dear, Carver and Gilder, in Warder-street, London, left his Master, went to Dublin, and bound himself to Capt. Robert Miller, of the Ship Conelly, bound to Philadelphia; failed from Dublin the 30th of March 1770, and arrived at Philadelphia in June or July following. If the said Lad applies to BERNARD and JURETZ, Carvers, at the Corner of Chestnut and Third-streets, he will hear of something greatly to his Advantage.